

Company/State: Research Farm/Illinois

Year: 2013 Test: NH3 Trial

Data: Harvest

Crop: Corn Previous Crop: Corn **Hybrid:** DK 6169 VT-3 Population: 32,000

Plot Size: 4 rows, 27.5', 30" rows, 4 replications

Tillage Type: Minimum Soil: Silt/Loam Irrigation: None Rainfall: 25.34 inches

Fertilizer Applied: Fall NH3 180#/A Side Dressed 45 units of NH3

Herbicide: Lumax 2.5 qt/A Insecticide: Aztec 1.5#/A **Planted:** 4/20/2013 **Harvested:** 10/23/2013

				Test			Bu/Acre	Yield	Root	Stalk
Range	Row	Plot#	Moisture	Weight	BU/Acre	Entry	Average	Rank	Lodge	Rot
9	1	901	19.52	56.36	230.08	1	227.94	1	1	1
10	3	1003	21.05	55.88	226.66				1	1
11	2	1102	20.45	55.9	219.24				1	1
12	1	1201	19.85	56.18	235.77				1	1
9	2	902	20.41	55.99	167.27	2	155.24	2	1	2
10	1	1001	20.42	55.98	153.12				1	1
11	3	1103	20.42	56.1	141.02				1	2
12	2	1202	19.66	56.22	159.53				1	1
9	3	903	19.18	56.63	178.38	3	164.09	3	1	2
10	2	1002	20.4	55.84	154.26				1	1
11	1	1101	19.98	56.19	164.72				1	1
12	3	1203	19.33	56.52	159.01				2	1

Trial Average: 182.4217

Treatment 1: 3 Growth Boost 1 gallon per acre

Treatment 2: N-Serve 1 quart per acre Treatment 3: N-Serve 1 quart per acre

With average conditions it is reasonable to expect an increase of 8 to 10 bushel per acre. However, with above average conditions that increase soil moisture, the application of Anhydrous Ammonia and Growth Boost may cause additional mineralization of Phosphorous and Potassium resulting in higher yields, as shown in data above. Testing conducted by Holdings Agronomy Services.